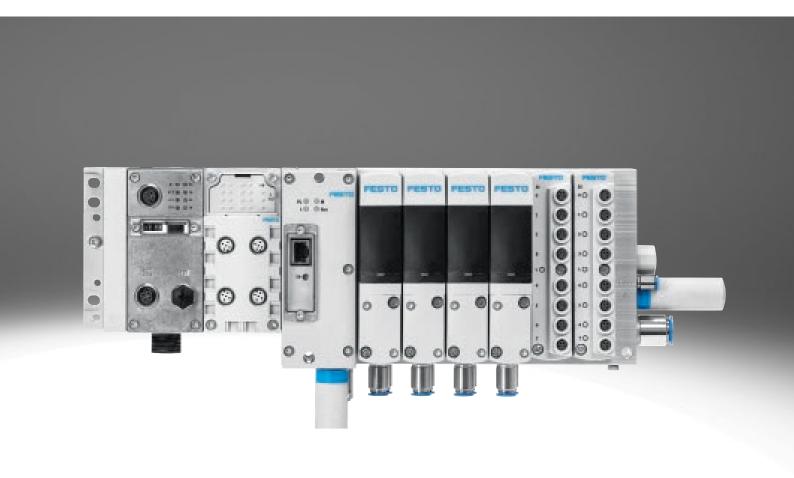
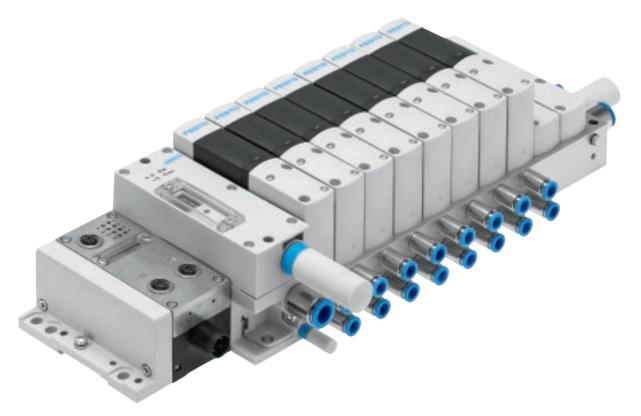
## **Motion Terminal VTEM**

# **FESTO**



## Key features



#### Innovative

Benefits of piezo valves for pilot control:

- Pressure regulation function
- Very long service life
- Minimum energy requirement
- Low leakage when acting as a proportional pressure regulator

Integrated controller permits:

- Cyclical changes to the valve function
- Function integration via Motion Apps

#### Versatile

The valves are connected and form a bridge circuit within the valve body; this enables a wide range of directional control valve functions to be realised at one valve position.

These functions are assigned to the valve by the controller and can be changed during operation.

The pressure regulator functionality of the valves together with the integrated pilot control enables the Motion Terminal VTEM to autonomously perform precision positioning tasks.

#### Reliable

Integrated sensors monitor the switching status of the valves and the pressure in ports 1, 3, 2 and 4.

The connected actuators can be monitored using optional input modules.

This information is evaluated in the Motion Terminal VTEM itself and also transferred to a higher-order controller.

#### Easy to install

- No need to change the valve, as the valve function is assigned using software
- Reduced storage space since only one valve is required for all functions
- Integrated mounting points for wall and DIN rail mounting
- Integrated flow control functionality, no manual adjustment required
- Functions of 50 individual components integrated via Motion Apps

#### Ordering data - Product options



Configurable product
This product and all its product options can be ordered using the configurator.

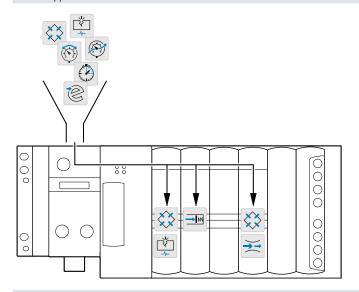
The configurator can be found at → www.festo.com/catalogue/...
Enter the part number or the type.

Part no. Type 8047502 VTEM

## Key features

#### Flexibility

Motion Apps



The Motion Terminal VTEM comprises four 2/2-way valves with piezo pilot control that form a bridge circuit and are monitored by sensors.

This creates a number of special features compared with a valve terminal that has conventional piston spool valves.

Depending on the actuation, the valves can perform the functions of a:

- 2x 2/2-way valve
- 2x 3/2-way valve
- 4/2-way valve
- 4/3-way valve
- · Proportional pressure regulator
- · Proportional directional control

Other functions that are usually associated with separate components, such as flow control or pressure regulation, can also be performed by the valves. Manual adjustment, procurement and maintenance are no longer needed as all tasks are assigned and controlled centrally via the software.

Which function a valve assumes and which tasks the controller can fulfil are determined by Motion Apps.

#### Licences

The relevant licences must be obtained for each app of the Motion Terminal VTEM in order to be able to use it. The basic package includes the licences for certain Motion Apps. This can be extended at any time; however, it is not possible to transfer licences from one Motion Terminal VTEM to another.

The valve functions that are available within the Motion Terminal can be freely assigned to each individual valve wherever and whenever necessary.

All valve functions can be comprehensively monitored with the integrated sensors.

The controller of the Motion Terminal can use this information to perform more complex pressure regulation tasks or to switch connected actuators.

#### Basic package (basic Motion Apps)











- Directional control valve functions
- · Proportional directional control
- Supply and exhaust air flow control
- ECO drive
- · Leakage diagnostics

These Motion Apps are a fundamental component of the Motion Terminal and included with every Motion Terminal.

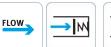
The Motion Apps can be used at the same time on all valve positions of the Motion Terminal.

#### Additional apps











- Proportional pressure regulation
- · Presetting of travel time
- Selectable pressure level
- Flow control
- Soft Stop
- Positioning

To expand the basic package, other Motion Apps can be ordered individually for the Motion Terminal.

These Motion Apps must be ordered in the number required so they can be used simultaneously.

Individual Motion Apps are subject to restrictions in terms of the number of instances in which they can be used simultaneously.

### Key features

#### Integrated sensors

Monitoring functions

Integrated sensors monitor:

- Degree of opening of the valve (flow rate for supply air and exhaust air)
- Pressure

Monitoring is carried out:

- For each individual valve
- For each individual valve port

This generates the following diagnostic information:

· System leakage

#### Controlled movement

The ability to adapt pressure and flow rate, in combination with the integrated sensors, makes it possible to influence the cylinder movement directly.

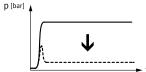
This means that a wide range of requirements can be met:

- Independent, proportional regulation of the supply and exhaust air for each cylinder chamber
- Soft start
- · Fast start
- Noise reduction
- Reduced vibrations
- No need for exhaust air flow control valves
- No need for shock absorbers

#### **Energy efficiency**

Energy-saving movement

Pressure at port 2



Movement with reduced force

#### Advantages:

- High energy efficiency, particularly energy-saving return stroke
- Reduced number of components

#### Objective:

Reduction in costs as less compressed air is needed than when the drive is fully pressurised. In turn, this reduces operating costs and improves overall economic efficiency.

#### Principle:

Pressure is built up on the pressurisation side purely to create the differential pressure required to maintain movement (pre-exhausted). This means that less compressed air is needed for each cycle.

At the end of the movement, the Motion Terminal VTEM closes the valve so that only the minimum static pressure sufficient to hold the cylinder in position is applied. If there is a pressure drop, the position is re-adjusted automatically thanks to monitoring by the sensors

#### Application:

- Typically for fast running production machines (e.g. packaging, assembly or processing machines)
- Linear or rotary movement with a medium-sized stroke and/or high number of cycles

## Piezo technology

Pressure at port 4

p [bar]

The Motion Terminal VTEM uses piezo technology, which is characterised by low energy consumption.

#### Advantages:

- Low-energy power supply units
- · Small cable diameters
- Minimal self-heating

The degree of opening of the piezo valves can be freely controlled. This enables the flow rate through the valves to be controlled:

- Without additional components
- Time-controlled
- By sensors
- For each individual valve
- For each individual valve port

As the integrated pressure sensors of the Motion Terminal monitor the degree of opening of the valves, the pressure can be individually regulated:

- For each individual cylinder chamber
- For each individual valve
- For each individual valve port

#### Advantages:

- Lower air consumption thanks to partial pressurisation
- Variable contact pressure in the end position or when clamping a workpiece
- Variable independent pressure for forward/return stroke

## Product range overview

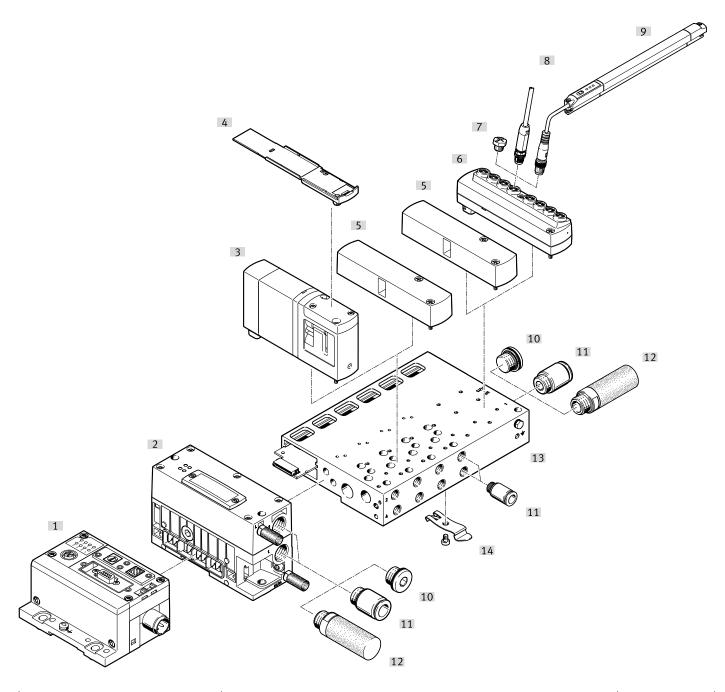
Function	Version		Type/code	Description	→ Page			
Pneumatic/	Pneumatic linkage	<u> </u>						
mechanical		Fixed grid	VTEM	<ul> <li>2, 4 or 8 valve positions</li> <li>0 or 1 position for input modules for 2 valve positions</li> <li>0 or 2 positions for input modules for more than 2 valve positions</li> <li>With electrical interface for terminal CPX</li> <li>Supply/exhaust ports and working ports for the valves</li> <li>Pilot air supply for the valves</li> <li>Electrical actuation for the valves</li> </ul>	14			
	Valve							
	4   2   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	4x 2/2-way valve	VEVM	Default position if the power supply/signalling fails – all ports closed Connected in series to form a bridge circuit Proportional pilot control by piezo valves Degree of valve opening monitored by sensor Pressure sensors in ports 2 and 4	19			
Electronics	Input module							
		Analogue	CTMM-A	8 analogue inputs     M8, 4-pin     Exclusively for regulating the functions provided via the Motion Apps     Data can be transferred to a higher-order controller by the Motion Apps	21			
		Digital	CTMM-D	<ul> <li>8 digital inputs</li> <li>M8, 3-pin</li> <li>Exclusively for controlling the functions provided via the Motion Apps</li> <li>Data can be transferred to a higher-order controller by the Motion Apps</li> </ul>	21			
Motion Anns	Basic Motion Apps							
Motion Apps	EUSIC MORION APPS	Directional control valve functions	ВМА	Valve type and switching status can be cyclically assigned to a:  • 2x 2/2-way valve, normally closed  • 2x 3/2-way valve, normally open  • 2x 3/2-way valve, normally closed  • 2x 3/2-way valve, 1x normally closed, 1x normally open  • 4/2-way valve, monostable  • 4/2-way valve, bistable  • 4/3-way valve, normally pressurised  • 4/3-way valve, normally closed  • 4/3-way valve, normally exhausted	24			
	<u> </u>	Proportional directional control valve		Valve type, switching status and a continuous valve opening can be cyclically assigned to a:  • 4/3-way valve, normally closed  • 2x 3/3-way valve, normally closed	26			
	<b>→</b>	Supply and exhaust air flow control		Flow control function:  Supply air flow control  Exhaust air flow control  Comprises 4/4-way valve (corresponding to valve plus flow control)	28			
		ECO drive		For applications with low loads or slow travel movement:  • Energy-saving cylinder movement through supply air flow control  • Adjustable supply air flow control value  • Blocks the supply air on reaching the end position  • Sensors and digital input module required	29			
	*	Leakage diagnostics		Air consumption monitoring:     Teaching the system     Diagnostic message using specified parameters	34			
	These Motion Apps can be use	ed at the same time on all valve pos	sitions of the I	Motion Terminal.				

## Motion Terminal VTEM

## Product range overview

Function	Version		Type/code	Description	→ Page	
Motion Apps	Additional apps					
		Proportional pressure regulation	PD	Regulation of the two valve output pressures independently of one another:  • 2x proportional pressure regulator	27	
		Presetting of travel time	Π	Presetting the travel time for retracting and advancing:  • Pre-calculation of the travel profile using set parameters  • Teaching the system  • Automatic readjustment of the system  • Sensors and digital input module required	30	
		Selectable pressure level	SPL	Energy-saving cylinder movement using a reduced pressure level:     Pressure regulation for supply air     Flow control function for exhaust air	31	
	FLOW	Flow control	FC	Regulation of the volumetric flow rates at the two valve outputs independently of one another:  Open-loop and closed-loop operation possible Control characteristics can be adjusted Different media can be set Sensors and analogue input module required for closed-loop operation	32	
		Soft Stop	SP	Control of cylinder behaviour near the end positions:  Controlled acceleration Gentle braking Teaching the system Automatic readjustment of the system Sensors and analogue input module required	33	
		Positioning	ВВ	Free positioning across the movement range:  Controlled motion profile can be configured using parameters (e.g. high dynamism)  Energy-saving cylinder movement possible by lowering the pressure level via parameterisation  Stable in response to changes caused by wear  Teaching the system  Sensors and analogue input module required	35	

## Peripherals overview



Desig	Designation		Brief description	→ Page/Internet
[1]	CPX modules	CPX	Bus node, control block, input and output modules	срх
[2]	Controller	CTMM	For VTEM and pneumatic interface to the terminal CPX	14
[3]	Valve body	VEVM	Contains 4 interconnected poppet valves with piezo pilot control	19
[4]	Inscription label holder	ASCF	For one valve	36
[5]	Cover plate	VABB	For unoccupied valve position (vacant position) or input module position	36
[6]	Input module	CTMM	For connecting sensors to the VTEM	21
[7]	Cover cap	ISK	For sealing ports that are not required	36
[8]	Connecting cable	NEBA	For connecting sensors	
[9]	Position sensor	SDAP	Analogue displacement sensor for VTEM input module CTMM	36
[10]	Blanking plug	В	For sealing ports that are not required	
[11]	Fittings	QS	For connecting compressed air tubing	
[12]	Silencer	U	For exhaust ports	
[13]	Manifold rail	VABM	For pneumatic and electrical connections	36
[14]	DIN rail mounting	VAME	For CPX and VTEM	36

### Peripherals overview

### Connecting the Motion Terminal VTEM to a higher-order controller Bus protocol/bus node Overview Special features CODESYS • Programming with CODESYS CPX-CEC-C1-V3 CPX-CEC-S1-V3 • Ethernet interface CPX-CEC-M1-V3 Modbus/TCP EasyIP · CANopen master • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs • 32 analogue inputs • 18 analogue outputs DeviceNet® CPX-FB11 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs • 18 analogue inputs/outputs PROFIBUS DP CPX-FB13 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs • 32 analogue inputs • 18 analogue outputs CC-LINK® CPX-FB23-24 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs • 32 analogue inputs/outputs PROFINET CPX-FB43 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs 00 • 32 analogue inputs CPX-M-FB44 • 18 analogue outputs EtherNet/IP • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs CPX-FB36 • 32 analogue inputs • 18 analogue outputs EtherCAT® CPX-FB37 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs • 32 analogue inputs • 18 analogue outputs Sercos III CPX-FB39 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs • 32 analogue inputs/outputs POWERLINK The precise technical data and specifi-CPX-FB40 • Up to 512 digital inputs/outputs cations for CPX can be found online at: • 32 analogue inputs/outputs → Internet: cpx

### Key features – Pneumatic components

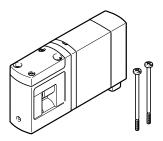
#### **Pneumatics of the Motion Terminal**

The Motion Terminal VTEM is operated exclusively with the electric terminal CPX. A Motion Terminal VTEM comprises 2, 4 or 8 valve positions.

The pneumatic and electrical connections are in a fixed grid. Subsequent extension is not possible.

One or two positions for input modules with 8 digital or 8 analogue inputs can be integrated into the Motion Terminal.

#### Sub-base valve



VTEM offers a comprehensive range of programmable valve functions. The valves comprise four 2/2-way proportional valves connected to form a bridge circuit.

Each 2/2-way proportional valve is pilot controlled by two piezo valves.

The pilot air for all valves is supplied jointly via port 14 (branched internally from port 1 or supplied externally).

Sensors monitor the degree of opening of the valves as well as the pressure in duct 2 and 4.

### 4x 2/2-way proportional valve

Circuit symbol 4 2 1 1 3

Code

Position function 1-8: C

Description

- Bridge circuit
- Monostable
- · Mechanical spring return
- Operating pressure 0 ... 8 bar
- Vacuum operation at port 3 only

#### Cover plate



Vacant position (code L) without valve function, for reserving valve positions or unused input module positions (seal).

#### Compressed air supply and exhaust

The Motion Terminal is supplied with compressed air via:

- Manifold rail
- Controller/pneumatic interface

Exhausting (port 3) takes place via:

- · Manifold rail
- Controller/pneumatic interface

The pilot air exhaust (port 84) is completely separate from port 3. The connection is on the controller (pneumatic interface to CPX terminal) together with the connections for port 1 and 3.

The pressure at port 1 is monitored to ensure operation. If the pressure is below 3 bar or above 10 bar, any applications in progress are stopped and an error message is output.

All valves on the Motion Terminal have a common pilot air supply.

They can be supplied as follows:

- Internal (from port 1 of the manifold rail) or
- External (from port 14)

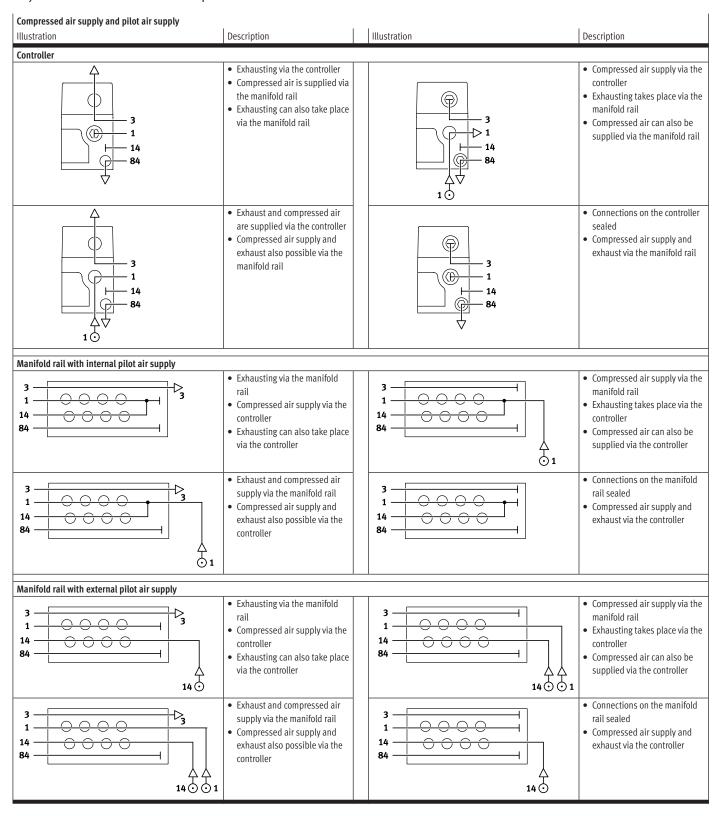
Pressure zone separation (port 1) is not required, as each valve can control the output pressure separately. For vacuum applications, a vacuum is connected to port 3 and pressure for the ejector pulse is connected to port 1.



#### Note

A filter must be installed upstream of valves operated in vacuum mode. This prevents any foreign matter in the intake air getting into the valve (e.g. when operating a suction cup).

### Key features – Pneumatic components



10

## Key features – Pneumatic components

#### Vacuum operation

Basics

The Motion Terminal VTEM can be operated with vacuum.

In this case, the vacuum is connected to port 3. Pressure for an ejector pulse can be connected at port 1.

When using internal pilot air supply, the necessary minimum pressure (3 bar) at port 1 must be maintained. Internal pressure sensors in port 2 and port 4 detect the pressure/vacuum and enable the degree of opening and the pressure level of the valve to be controlled.

The sensors are designed so they are protected against contamination.



#### Note

A filter must be installed upstream of valves operated in vacuum mode. This prevents any foreign matter in the intake air getting into the valve (e.g. when operating a suction cup).

#### **Fittings**

Ports 1, 2, 3, 4, 14 and 84

The outlet direction of the pneumatic connections in the manifold rail is specified.

The outlet direction of the connected tubing can be varied widely by choosing appropriate fittings.

The connection type and outlet direction are selected:

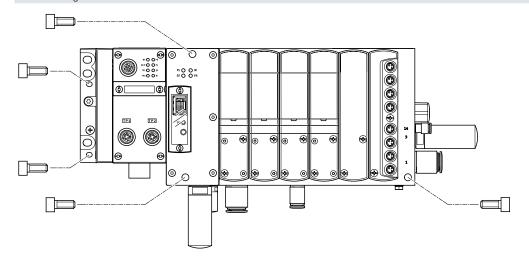
- For all ports 2 and 4
- For all compressed air supply connections
- · For all exhaust connections
- For each individual port 2, as a deviation from the general specification
- For each individual port 4, as a deviation from the general specification

Connection on the valve (port 2/4)			
		Code	Description
	[1]	G18	Threaded connection G1/8
	[2]	Q	Valve connection: push-in connector Valve connection type: straight
	[3]	Q FA	Valve connection: push-in connector Valve connection type: angled upwards
	[4]	Q FC	Valve connection: push-in connector Valve connection type: angled downwards

## Key features – Mounting

#### **Mounting the Motion Terminal**

Wall mounting

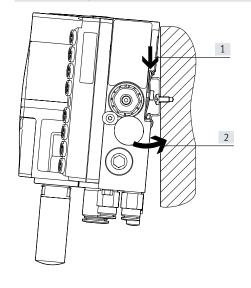


The Motion Terminal VTEM is screwed to the mounting surface using five M4 or M6 screws.

The mounting holes are located:

- On the left end plate (CPX)
- On the right side of the manifold rail
- On the VTEM controller

#### DIN rail mounting



- [1] The Motion Terminal is hooked into the DIN rail.
- [2] The Motion Terminal is then pivoted onto the DIN rail and latched in place

## Key features - Display and operation

#### Display and operation

CPX terminal

The modules of the CPX terminal have a row of LEDs. These provide information about:

- Status of bus communication
- System status
- Module status

#### VTEM controller

The VTEM controller has LEDs for indicating:

- Operating voltages
- Status of communication to the higher-order controller
- · Ethernet data traffic

#### VTEM valve

Each VTEM valve has an indicator which indicates whether the valve is ready for operation or whether there is a malfunction.

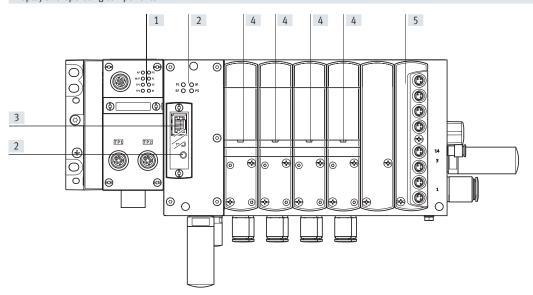
The valves do not have a mechanical manual override.

#### VTEM input module

The input modules are equipped with one central ready status indicator per module.

The digital input module displays the input status for each port.

#### Display and operating components



- [1] LED indicators on the bus node of the CPX terminal
- [2] LED indicators on the VTEM controller
- [3] Ethernet interface on the VTEM controller
- [4] LED indicator on the VTEM valve
- [5] VTEM input module

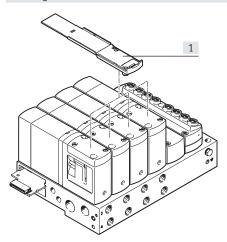
#### Diagnostics

Detailed diagnostic functions are needed in order to quickly locate the causes of errors in the electrical installation and therefore reduce downtimes in the production plant.

A basic distinction is made between on-the-spot diagnostics using LEDs or an operator unit and diagnostics using a bus interface.

The Motion Terminal VTEM supports on-the-spot diagnostics using LEDs as well as diagnostics via the bus interface and Ethernet interface.

#### Labelling



[1] Inscription label holder

Inscription label holders are available for labelling the Motion Terminal.
These are clipped onto the valves.

## Motion Terminal VTEM

## Datasheet – Motion Terminal VTEM

- N - Flow rate up to 450 l/min

- **[]** - Valve width 27 mm

- **\** - Voltage 24 V DC



General technical data					
Valve terminal design		Fixed grid			
Motion Apps			Directional control valve functions		
		Proportional directional control valve			
			Proportional pressure regulation		
			Supply and exhaust air flow control		
			ECO drive		
			Presetting of travel time		
			Selectable pressure level		
			Flow control		
			Leakage diagnostics		
			Soft Stop		
			Positioning		
Maximum number of valve positions			8		
Valve size		[mm]	27		
Grid dimension		[mm]	28		
Nominal width		[mm]	4.2		
Design			Piston seat		
Sealing principle			Soft		
Actuation type			Electrical		
Type of control			Piloted		
Valve function			To be assigned via Motion App		
Standard flow rate 0.8 $\rightarrow$ 0 MPa (8 $\rightarrow$ 0 bar, 116 -	→ 0 psi)	[l/min]	1000		
Standard nominal flow rate 0.6 → 0.5 MPa	Pressurisation	[l/min]	450		
(6 → 5 bar, 87 → 72.5 psi)	Exhausting	[l/min]	480		
Suitable for vacuum			Yes		
Exhaust air function			Cannot be throttled		
Pilot air supply			Internal or external		
Flow direction			Not reversible		
Electric I/O system			Yes		
Degree of protection			IP65		

## Datasheet – Motion Terminal VTEM

Operating and environmental conditions Operating medium		Compressed air to ISO 8573-1:2010 [7:4:4]	
Operating medium		Inert gases	
Pilot medium		Compressed air to ISO 8573-1:2010 [7:4:4]	
riot illediuili		Inert gases	
Note on the operating/pilot medium		Lubricated operation not possible	
Note on the operating/pilot medium		Condensation in the valve not allowed	
Operating pressure	[MPa]	0.3 0.8	
Operating pressure		38	
	[bar]		
Dilat massaura	[psi]	43.5 116 0.3 0.8	
Pilot pressure	[MPa]		
	[bar]	38	
N. (	[psi]	43.5 116	
Note on operating/pilot pressure		0 8 bar with external pilot air	
		Vacuum operation at port 3 only	
Ambient temperature	[°C]	+5 +50	
Temperature of medium	[°C]	+5 +50	
Storage temperature	[°C]	-20 +40	
Relative humidity	[%]	0 90	
Corrosion resistance class CRC <sup>1)</sup>		2	
CE marking (see declaration of conformity)		To EU EMC Directive <sup>2</sup> )	
KC marking		KC EMC	
LABS (PWIS) conformity		VDMA24364-Zone III	
Certification		c UL us - Listed (OL)	
Material fire-tested		UL94 HB	
Certificate-issuing authority		UL E322346	
Food-safe		See supplementary material information	
Vibration resistant		Transport application test with severity level 2 to FN 942017-4 and EN 60068-2-6	
Shock resistance		Shock test with severity level 2 to FN 942017-5 and EN 60068-2-27	
Note on shock resistance		Only static installation permitted when mounting using a DIN rail.	

<sup>1)</sup> More information www.festo.com/x/topic/crc

<sup>2)</sup> For information about the area of use, see the declaration of conformity at: www.festo.com/catalogue/... → Support/Downloads.

If the devices are subject to usage restrictions in residential, commercial or light-industrial environments, further measures for the reduction of the emitted interference may be necessary.

Electrical data		
Nominal operating voltage	[V DC]	24
Permissible voltage fluctuations	[%]	±25
Protection against direct and indirect contact		PELV

## Current consumption/power

current consumption, power			Controller	Valve	Digital input module	Analogue input module
Intrinsic current consumption	At nominal operating voltage, electronics/sensors	[mA]	115	60	12	12
	At nominal operating voltage, load	[mA]	85	24	0	0
Power	At nominal operating voltage, electronics/sensors	[W]	2.76	1.5	0.29	0.29
	At nominal operating voltage, load	[W]	2.04	0.58	0	0

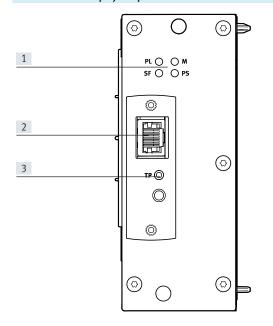
## Datasheet – Motion Terminal VTEM

Pneumatic connections				
Supply	1	G3/8 thread		
Exhaust port	3	G3/8 thread		
Pilot air supply	14	M5 thread		
Pilot exhaust air	84	M7 thread		
Venting hole		M7 thread		
Working ports	2	G1/8 thread		
	4	G1/8 thread		

Materials				
Seals	TPE-U(PU)			
	NBR			
Note on materials	RoHs-compliant			

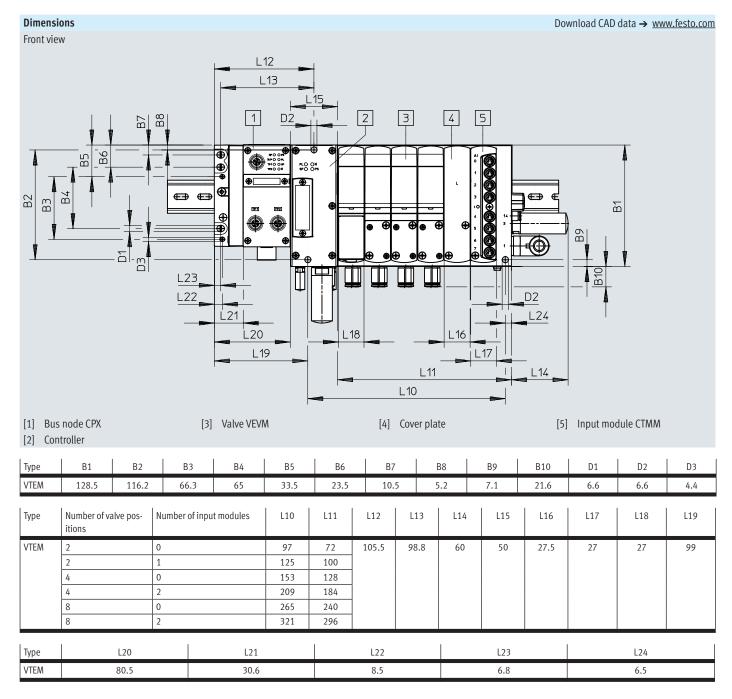
Product weight				
	Approx. weight [g]			
Controller	290			
Manifold rail, 2 valve positions	550			
	780 (with 1 vacant position for input module)			
Manifold rail, 4 valve positions	990			
	1460 (with 2 vacant positions for input modules)			
Manifold rail, 8 valve positions	1875			
	2340 (with 2 vacant positions for input modules)			
Cover plate	75			
Valve body	200			
Input module	75			

## Connection and display components

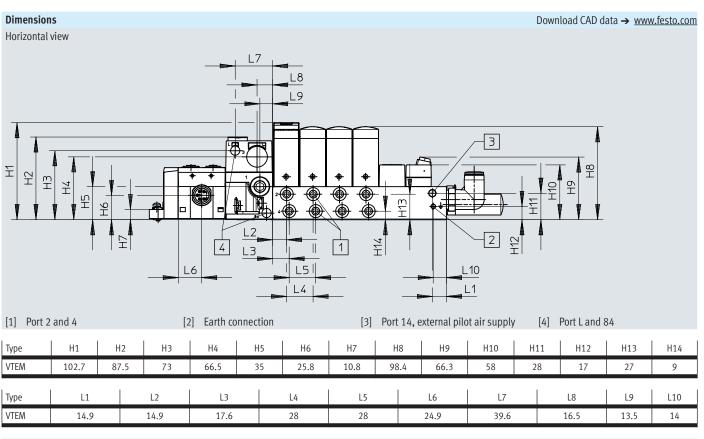


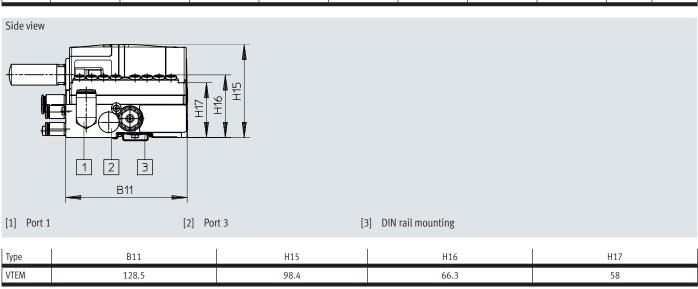
- [1] Diagnostics LED
- [2] Ethernet interface for system configuration
- [3] Status LED for Ethernet interface

## Datasheet - Motion Terminal VTEM



## Datasheet - Motion Terminal VTEM



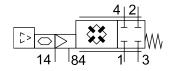


## Datasheet – Valves VEVM

- N - Flow rate 450 l/min

- **[]** - Valve width 27 mm

- **\** - Voltage 24 V DC





General technical data					
Valve function		To be assigned via Motion App			
Reset method		'	Mechanical spring		
Design			Piston seat		
Sealing principle			Soft		
Actuation type			Electrical		
Type of control			Piloted		
Pilot air supply			External		
Flow direction			Not reversible		
Suitable for vacuum			Yes		
Exhaust air function			Cannot be throttled		
Mounting position			Any		
Status indicator			Blue LED = normal status		
			Red LED = malfunction		
Nominal width		[mm]	4.2		
Standard flow rate $0.8 \rightarrow 0$ MPa $(8 \rightarrow 0 \text{ bar}, 116 \rightarrow 0 \text{ ps})$	i)	[l/min]	1000		
Standard nominal flow rate $0.6 \rightarrow 0.5 \text{ MPa} (6 \rightarrow 5 \text{ bar},$	Pressurisation	[l/min]	450		
87 → 72.5 psi)	Exhausting	[l/min]	480		
C value [l/sbar]			2		
Valve size [mm]			27		
Grid dimension [mm]			28		
Product weight		200			
Degree of protection			IP65		

Switching times			
Switching time	On	[ms]	8.5
	off	[ms]	8.5

## Datasheet – Valves VEVM

Operating and environmental conditions				
Operating medium		Compressed air to ISO 8573-1:2010 [7:4:4]		
		Inert gases		
Pilot medium		Compressed air to ISO 8573-1:2010 [7:4:4]		
		Inert gases		
Note on the operating/pilot medium		Lubricated operation not possible		
		Condensation in the valve not allowed		
Operating pressure	[MPa]	0.3 0.8		
	[bar]	38		
	[psi]	43.5 116		
Pilot pressure	[MPa]	0.3 0.8		
	[bar]	38		
	[psi]	43.5 116		
Note on operating/pilot pressure		0 8 bar for external pilot air supply		
		Vacuum operation at port 3 only		
Ambient temperature	[°C]	+5 +50		
Temperature of medium	[°C]	+5 +50		
Storage temperature	[°C]	-20 +40		
Relative humidity	[%]	0 90		
Corrosion resistance class CRC <sup>1)</sup>		2		
LABS (PWIS) conformity		VDMA24364-Zone III		
Material fire-tested		UL94 HB		
Food-safe		See supplementary material information		

<sup>1)</sup> More information www.festo.com/x/topic/crc

Electrical data		
Nominal operating voltage	[V DC]	24
Permissible voltage fluctuations	[%]	±25
Electrical power consumption	[W]	1.5
Duty cycle	[%]	100

Pneumatic connections		
Supply	1	G3/8 thread
Exhaust port	3	G3/8 thread
Pilot air supply	14	M5 thread
Pilot exhaust air	84	M7 thread
Venting hole		M7 thread
Working ports	2	G1/8 thread
	4	G1/8 thread

Materials			
Housing	PA		
Seals	TPE-U(PU)		
	NBR		
Note on materials	RoHs-compliant		

## Datasheet – Input modules

#### **Function**

Input modules enable analogue and digital sensors to be connected to the Motion Terminal.

The input signals are used for motion tasks, but can also be looped through from a Motion App to the higher-order controller.

#### Area of application

- Input modules for 24 V DC sensor supply voltage
- Digital module with PNP logic
- Analogue module for 4 ... 20 mA



General technical data				
			Digital input module	Analogue input module
Electrical connection	Function		Digital input	Analogue input
	Connection type		8x socket	8x socket
	Connection technology		M8x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-104	M8x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-104
	Number of pins/cores		3	4
Number of inputs			8	8
Number of outputs			0	0
Input characteristics			To IEC 61131-2, type 3	-
Signal range			-	4 20 mA
Switching level			Signal 0: ≤ 5 V	-
			Signal 1: ≥ 11 V	-
Input debounce time		[ms]	0.1	-
Switching logic at inputs			PNP (positive switching)	-
Measured variable			-	Current
Fuse protection			Internal electronic fuse	Internal electronic fuse
Electrical isolation	Channel – internal bus		No	No
	Channel – channel		No	No
Diagnostics via LED			Errors per module	Errors per module
			Status per channel	-
Nominal operating voltage		[V DC]	24	
Nominal operating voltage, electro	nics/sensors	[V DC]	24	
Permissible voltage fluctuations		[%]	±25	
Intrinsic current consumption at no	ominal operating voltage	[mA]	Typically 12	
Max. total current of inputs per mo	dule	[A]	0.2	
Max. cable length		[m]	30	
Dimensions	WxLxH	[mm]	27 x 123 x 40	
Grid dimension		[mm]	28	
Product weight		[g]	75	
Degree of protection			IP65	
			IP67	

Materials	
Housing	Reinforced PA
Note on materials	RoHs-compliant

Operating and environmental conditions		
Ambient temperature	[°C]	-5 +50
Temperature of medium	[°C]	-5 +50
Storage temperature	[°C]	-20 +40
Corrosion resistance class CRC <sup>1)</sup>		2
CE marking (see declaration of conformity)		To EU EMC Directive <sup>2</sup> )
LABS (PWIS) conformity		VDMA24364-B1/B2-L

<sup>1)</sup> More information www.festo.com/x/topic/crc

<sup>2)</sup> For information about the area of use, see the declaration of conformity at: www.festo.com/catalogue/... → Support/Downloads.

If the devices are subject to usage restrictions in residential, commercial or light-industrial environments, further measures for the reduction of the emitted interference may be necessary.

## Datasheet – Input modules

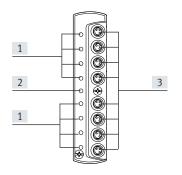
Safety data	
CE marking (see declaration of conformity)	To EU EMC Directive <sup>1</sup> )
Shock resistance	Shock test with severity level 2 to FN 942017-5 and EN 60068-2-27
Vibration resistant	Transport application test with severity level 2 to FN 942017-4 and
	EN 60068-2-6

<sup>1)</sup> For information about the area of use, see the declaration of conformity at: www.festo.com/catalogue/... → Support/Downloads.

If the devices are subject to usage restrictions in residential, commercial or light-industrial environments, further measures for the reduction of the emitted interference may be necessary.

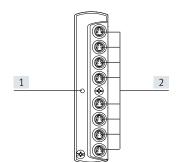
## Connection and display components

Input module with digital inputs



- [1] Status LEDs for inputs (status indication, green)
- [2] Status LED (module) for short circuit/overload of sensor supply (red)
- [3] Sensor connections





- [1] Status LED (module) for short circuit/overload of sensor supply (red)
- [2] Sensor connections

Pin allocation for sensor connections Terminal assignment	Pin	Signal	Designation	Terminal assignment	Pin	Signal	Designation
Terminat assignment	FIII	Jigilat	Designation	Terminat assignment	FIII	Jigilat	Designation
Input module with digital inputs				Input module with analogue inputs			
4	1	24 V	Operating voltage 24 V	4 _ 2	1	24 V	Operating voltage 24 V
	3	0 V	Operating voltage 0 V	/0 0\	2	lx*	Sensor signal
3(0 0)1	4	lx*	Sensor signal	2(0 0)	3	0 V	Operating voltage 0 V
				3 0 1	4	n.c	Not connected

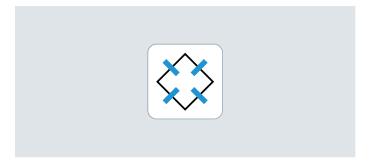
Ix = Input x

## Datasheet – Input modules

Ordering data					
				Part no.	Туре
Input module					
	Module with 8 inputs	Digital inputs		8047505	CTMM-S1-D-8E-M8-3
		Analogue inputs		8047506	CTMM-S1-A-8E-A-M8-4
Position sensor					
	Analogue sensor for VTEM input module	Sensing range 0 50 mm		8050120	SDAP-MHS-M50-1L-A-E-0.3-M8
Out !		Sensing range 0 100 mm		8050121	SDAP-MHS-M100-1L-A-E-0.3-M8
6.1		Sensing range 0 160 mm		8050122	SDAP-MHS-M160-1L-A-E-0.3-M8
Connecting cable					Datasheets → Internet: neb
	Modular system for a choice of con- necting cables	Cable length 0.3 30 m	-	8078221	NEBA → Internet: neba
10	<ul><li>Straight plug, 4-pin</li><li>Straight socket, M8x1, 4-pin</li></ul>	Cable length 2.5 m	-	8078295	NEBA-M8G4-U-2.5-N-M8G4
Cover cap					
•	Cover cap for sealing unused connections	For M8 connections	Pack size 10	177672	ISK-M8

## Datasheet – Motion App Directional control valve functions

- 2x 2/2-way valve
- 2x 3/2-way valve
- 4/2-way valve
- 4/3-way valve
- Part of the basic package



#### Description

#### Operating mode

The directional control valve function allows the characteristics of a conventional pneumatic valve to be assigned to a valve position.

The integrated sensors enable the switching position to be monitored. All ports are blocked if the pilot pressure or power supply is interrupted.

#### Benefits

The ability to assign the directional control valve function significantly reduces component variety. This in turn reduces the initial design costs. If a replacement is required, it is no longer necessary to identify the specific valve; the controller assigns the function to the new valve.

As valve functions are assigned cyclically, a series of valve functions can be realised on one valve position at staggered intervals.

When maintenance and commissioning need to be carried out, the valves can be stopped as required via the controller and can exhaust the sys-

• One valve position with 9 valve functions

- No need to change the valve for a different valve function
- Virtual manual override via software, access via Ethernet interface

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- Directional control valve function
- Switching position to be assumed

Valve to the controller

- Switching position
- Pressure at port 2
- Pressure at port 4

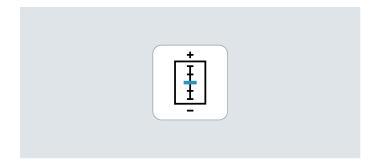
Valve functions		
Circuit symbol	Description	Circuit symbol Description
2x 3/2-way valve		4/3-way valve
1 3	<ul><li>Bistable</li><li>Normally open</li><li>Not reversible</li></ul>	• Mid-position pressurised • Not reversible
4 2	Bistable     Normally closed     Not reversible	4 2  • Mid-position closed • Not reversible
4 2	Bistable     Normal position     1x normally closed     1x normally open     Not reversible	• Mid-position exhausted • Not reversible
4/2-way valve		2x 2/2-way valve
4 2 1 3	Monostable     Pneumatic reset     Not reversible	4 2 • Bistable • Normally closed • Not reversible
4 2 1 3	Bistable     Not reversible	

## Datasheet – Motion App "Directional control valve functions"

Technical data			
Switching time	On	[ms]	8.5
	off	[ms]	8.5
Standard nominal flow rate for pressurisation		[l/min]	450
Standard nominal flow rate for exhaust		[l/min]	480

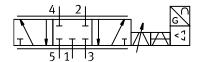
## Datasheet - Motion App "Proportional directional control valve"

- 4/3-way proportional valve
- 2x 3/3-way proportional valve
- Part of the basic package



#### Description

Operating mode



The proportional directional control valve function is assigned to a valve position in the same way as the directional control valve function.

The switching position and degree of opening of the valves can be monitored via the integrated sensors.

#### Benefits

- Minimal leakage (poppet valves)
- Low current consumption
- Two independently controlled connections at one valve position
- Different control characteristics can be set

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- Directional control valve function
- Switching position to be assumed
- Control characteristics
- Valve position (-100 ... +100%)
- Port blocking

#### Valve to the controller

• Measured valve position (-100 ... +100%)

Valve functions			
Circuit symbol	Description	Circuit symbol	Description
2x 3/3-way proportional valve		4/3-way proportional valve	
4   2	Mid-position closed	4   2	Mid-position closed
	Not reversible	1 3	Not reversible

Technical data		
Linearity error	[%]	±2 FS, 5 70% setpoint value
	[%]	Typically ±3 FS, 70 95% setpoint value relative to the ideal characteristic curve
Repetition accuracy in ± % FS	[%]	±1.5 FS
Hysteresis	[%]	1.5 FS, 5 70% setpoint value
	[%]	Typically 3 FS, 70 95% setpoint value
Overall accuracy	[%]	Typically 3 FS
Response sensitivity	[%]	1.5 FS

## Datasheet - Motion App Proportional pressure regulation



Pressure -0.9 ... +7 bar

- Pressure regulation in port 2
- Pressure regulation in port 4
- Licences required for the number of simultaneous usages



#### Description

Operating mode

With the proportional pressure regulation function the pressure can be regulated at ports 2 and 4 independently The integrated sensors enable the pressure to be precisely monitored.

The following control characteristics are available:

- Small volume
- Medium volume
- Large volume
- Self-configured setting

For vacuum applications, a vacuum is connected to port 3. Pressure, for an ejector pulse for example, can be connected at port 1 at the same time.

#### Benefits

- Two pressure regulators per valve position
- · Easy parameterisation
- Vacuum regulation

Overall accuracy

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment

<90, within a range of -0.9 ... 7 bar

Cyclical assignment

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- Pressure at port 2 (setpoint value)
- Pressure at port 4 (setpoint value)

Valve to the controller

- Pressure at port 2 (actual value)
- Pressure at port 4 (actual value)

#### Application area

- Regulating the force with known effective area
- · Regulating contact pressure
- · Actuating process valves
- Vacuum control with ejector pulse

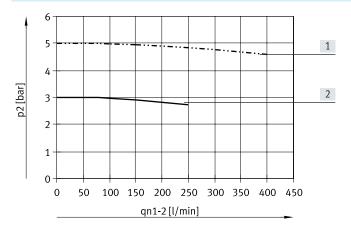
Technical data		
Linearity error	[mbar]	<80, within a range of –0.9 7 bar, relative
		to the ideal characteristic curve
Repetition accuracy	[mbar]	<40, within a range of –0.9 7 bar
Hysteresis	[mbar]	<40, within a range of –0.9 7 bar

[mbar]

#### Conditions:

- Valid within a range of 5 ... 95% of the setpoint value
- Supply pressure 8 bar
- Volume 0.1 l
- Control characteristic C1
- Only one pressure regulator active within the valve terminal

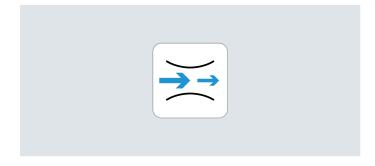
#### Pressure as a function of the flow rate



- [1] Characteristic pressure curve with a specified setpoint value of 5 bar
- [2] Characteristic pressure curve with a specified setpoint value of 3 bar

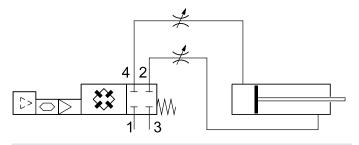
## Datasheet – Motion App "Supply and exhaust air flow control"

- Supply air flow control
- · Exhaust air flow control
- Part of the basic package



#### Description

Operating mode



The flow rate can be individually adjusted for each duct; the supply air and exhaust air flow control are adjusted independently of one another.

It is no longer necessary to have a technician on site to change the flow control.

#### Benefits

- Flow control remotely adjustable during operation (adjustment via controller)
- Reproducible flow control cross sections adjustable via controller
- Reduced component variety since there is no mechanical flow control valve
- Flow control setting can be called up during operation
- Tamper-proof

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment
- Control precision ±3%

### Data

Controller to the valve

- Supply air flow control setting
   0 ... 100%
   (recommended values: 5 ... 100%)
- Exhaust air flow control setting
   0 ... 100%
   (recommended values: 5 ... 100%)
- Increments 0.01%

Valve to the controller

- Supply air flow control setting
- Exhaust air flow control setting

### Soft-start function

If, on starting the Motion App, the pressure at ports 2 and 4 is more than 50% below the current pressure in port 1, it is steadily increased until the specified value has been reached. The actual motion task then starts.

This function prevents advancing to the end position in an uncontrolled manner.

#### Technical data

recimicat data		
Overall accuracy	[%]	Typically ±3

## Datasheet - Motion App ECO drive

- Supply air flow control with end-position switch-off
- Can be used to save energy when advancing and retracting the cylinder
- Part of the basic package

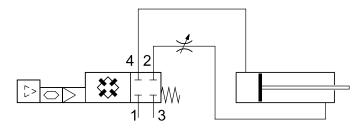
Also required

- A digital input module CTMM
- Two digital sensors (PNP, N/O contact) for determining the end position of the drive



#### Description

Operating mode



To save energy during cylinder movement, the supply air flow is controlled when advancing the cylinder while the exhaust air flow is not controlled. The supply air side is blocked when the end position is reached so the pressure level and cylinder position can be maintained.

For this function, the cylinder position is sensed via two end-position switches.

For safe operation, a horizontal travel movement/mounting position is recommended. The acceleration and speed of the movement are significantly increased by a force acting in the same direction.

## Characteristic pressure curve without ECO drive

Pressure at port 2



Pressure at port 4



- High pressure at port 2
- High pressure at port 4
- · Supply air unthrottled
- Exhaust air flow control
- Differential pressure in line with the required amount of force for the motion
- High force in the end position
- High energy consumption

#### Pressure curve with ECO drive

Pressure at port 2



Pressure at port 4



- · Low pressure at port 2
- Low pressure at port 4
- Supply air flow control
- Exhaust air flow unthrottled
- Differential pressure in line with the required amount of force for the motion
- · Low force in the end position
- Low energy consumption

#### Benefits

- Supply air flow control and pressure switch-off in the end position considerably increase energy efficiency
- Energy/pressure consumption is automatically adapted to the load
- Readjustment in case of deviation from the end position
- Suitable for moving low loads at low speed

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment

#### Data

Controller to the valve

• Supply air flow control setting 5 ... 100%

Valve to the controller

- Pressure at port 2
- Pressure at port 4
- · End position reached

Technical data

Overall accuracy [%] Typically ±3

## Datasheet – Motion App Presetting of travel time

- Self-learning exhaust air flow control for regulating the travel time
- Part of the basic package

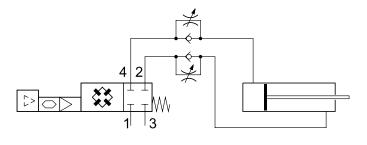
Also required:

- A digital input module CTMM
- Two digital sensors (PNP, N/O contact) for determining the end position of the drive



#### Description

Operating mode



The travel time for retracting and advancing is preset in the Motion Terminal VTEM.

The real travel time is autonomously determined using the sensor data from the end-position switches and the exhaust air flow control is adjusted until the specified travel time is achieved. Continuous monitoring and adjustment compensate for changes to the system.

Significant deviations in the parameters (deviating idle times, rapid change in external forces/friction forces) can cause deviations in travel time.

End-position cushioning must be implemented separately.

#### Benefits

- · Adaptive and self-adjusting
- Constant cycle times
- Travel time can be changed via the controller
- Variations in the supply or exhaust air pressure are automatically sensed and taken into consideration
- Password-protected access
- Simple proximity switches are used

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment
- In combination with limit switch

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- Advancing
- Retracting
- Exhausting both chambers
- Blocking both chambers

Valve to the controller

- Measured travel time
- End position reached

#### Soft-start function

If, on starting the Motion App, the pressure at ports 2 and 4 is more than 20% below the current pressure in port 1, it is steadily increased until the specified value has been reached. The actual motion task then starts.

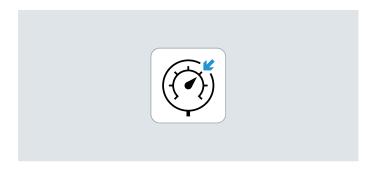
This function prevents advancing to the end position in an uncontrolled manner.

### Technical data

Repetition accuracy	Standard deviation ±3%, but in any case not	Conditions:
	more accurate than ±20 ms	Cylinder diameter 25 63
		Cylinder stroke 50 500 mm
		Tube length š 5x cylinder stroke
		• Speed > 0.2 m/s
		Mass [kg] š 0.004 x supply pressure [bar] x cylinder diameter [mm] x cylinder diameter
		[mm]

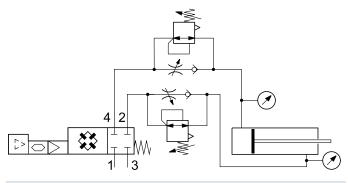
## Datasheet – Motion App "Selectable pressure level"

- Pressure regulation at port 2 and flow rate at port 4
- Pressure regulation at port 4 and flow rate at port 2
- Licences required for the number of simultaneous usages



#### Description

#### Operating mode



The required setpoint value can be independently preset for ducts 2 and 4. The Motion Terminal VTEM autonomously regulates the pressure and signals the actual pressure in ports 2 and 4 and to the higher-order controller.

Pressure regulation takes place in the supply port, while the preset exhaust air flow control is active in the other port.

Variably adjustable pressures in the end position enable a defined force (e.g. press-fitting) to be reproduced in the application.

#### Benefits

- Energy-saving movement with reduced pressure
- Pressure regulation in the end position
- Pressure can be changed remotely and individually preset for each drive and direction of movement

#### Scope

- For the entire Motion Terminal
- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment
- For cylinders with pneumatic cushioning

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- Pressure at port 2 and flow control opening at port 4
- Pressure at port 4 and flow control opening at port 2
- Stopping
- Advancing
- Retracting
- · Exhausting both chambers

#### Valve to the controller

• Pressure at port 2 and port 4

#### Soft-start function

If, on starting the Motion App, the pressure at ports 2 and 4 is below 2 bar, it is increased steadily until the specified value has been reached. The actual motion task then starts.

This function prevents advancing to the end position in an uncontrolled manner.

#### Technical data

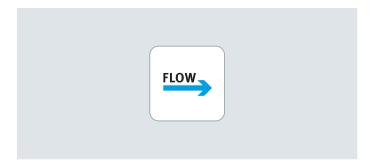
Repetition accuracy	[mbar]	Typically 8 (pressure regulation)
Overall accuracy	[mbar]	Typically ±250 (pressure regulation)
	[%]	Typically ±3 (opening cross section)

### Datasheet – Motion App Flow control

- Specification of mutually independent flow rates for ports 2 and 4
- Open-loop operation without additional sensors
- Closed-loop operation with external flow sensors for increased accuracy
- Licences required for the number of simultaneous usages

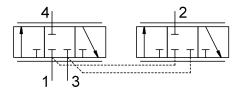
Also required for closed-loop operation:

- An analogue input module CTMM
- A flow sensor (e.g. SFAB or SFAH) for each port



#### Description

Operating mode



Benefits

- Two flow controllers per valve position
- Different media can be selected
- Increased accuracy through closedloop operation when using external flow sensors
- Different control characteristics can be set

The required flow rate can be independently preset for ducts 2 and 4. The Motion Terminal VTEM autonomously regulates the flow rate and signals the actual pressure in ports 2 and 4 and to the higher-order controller.

• For each individual valve position in

a Motion Terminal, depending on

The following control characteristics are available:

- Fast
- Medium
- Universal
- · Self-configured setting

Data

Controller to the valve

- Setpoint flow rate at port 2
- Setpoint flow rate at port 4
- Ports can be activated individually and independently

Valve to the controller

- Flow rate at port 2
- Flow rate at port 4
- Status information

## Media

Scope

• CDA (dried air)

the assignment

Cyclical assignment

- Ar (argon)
- N2 (nitrogen)
- CO2 (carbon dioxide)
- 02 (oxygen), on request

Technical data

Accuracy of flow rate (max. stationary control precision)

Closed-loop controlled: ±4 l/min 1)
Open-loop controlled: not specified

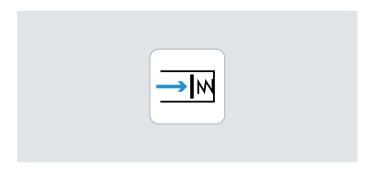
<sup>1)</sup> Filtered sensor value for setpoint value and corresponding control characteristics

## Datasheet - Motion App "Soft Stop"

- The algorithm moves the piston from one cylinder end position to the other in an optimum amount of time
- Licences required for the number of simultaneous usages

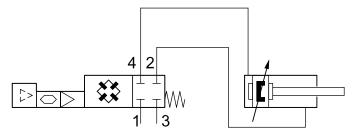
Also required:

- An analogue input module CTMM
- Two sensors SDAP for determining the position of the drive



#### Description

Operating mode



During a teach-in process, the Motion Terminal VTEM automatically determines the necessary parameters for accelerating the connected drive in a controlled manner and decelerating it gently. Gradual changes over the course of continuous operation are automatically compensated for.

#### Benefits

- Optimised cycle times (typical travel time 0.5 s for a piston rod cylinder with a 32 mm piston rod diameter, 500 mm stroke and 11 kg moving mass)
- Automatic cushioning resulting in considerably less wear, vibrations or impacts
- Optimal for heavy moving masses and long travel paths
- Selectable contact pressure in end position

#### Scope

- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment
- In combination with partial stroke sensor
- For drives with self-adjusting pneumatic cushioning (PPS) on both sides

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- Advancing
- Retracting
- Exhausting
- Blocking

Valve to the controller

- · End position reached
- Contact pressure reached

#### Soft-start function

When the Motion App is started, the piston position and pressure conditions are checked.

If the piston is in the end position:

- The pressure of the port to be exhausted will be adjusted to the preset contact pressure
- The port to be pressurised will be completely exhausted

If the piston is not in the end position, the cylinder will be moved gently into the end position of the specified direction.

The actual motion task then starts. This function prevents advancing to the end position in an uncontrolled manner.

#### Technical data

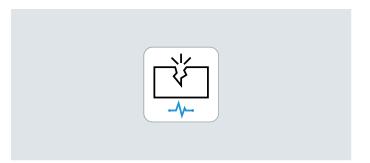
Repetition accuracy

Expanded measurement uncertainty (95%) <70 ms with periodic advancing and retracting

## Datasheet - Motion App "Leakage diagnostics"

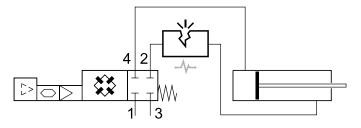
- 11 -

Flow rate Measuring range: 2 ... 50 l/h • Part of the basic package



#### Description

Operating mode



To calculate the leakage, the pressure drop at a valve (drive in end position) is determined.

To be able to evaluate this value, a reference value is determined using a measurement taken at the start of the observation period.

The Motion Terminal VTEM compares the value of further measurements against this reference value.

This comparison provides the basis for an evaluation using adjustable limits. The evaluation and the difference between the measured value and the reference value are fed back.

During the diagnostics, the motion task independently advances and retracts the cylinder.

Leakage testing is not performed during operation; it is started separately as a test cycle.

#### Benefits

Data

Increased leakage can be caused by a critical fault (damaged tubing) or by wear and ageing of the connected components.

Regular leakage testing can therefore:

- Determine a sudden leak
- Detect wear on cylinders and valves in good time

#### Scope

- For all valve positions of a Motion Terminal
- Requires a test run
- Not for vacuum applications
- For all types of pneumatic consumers

## Controller to the valve

Controller to the valve

- Start diagnostics
- Terminate diagnosticsStart reference measurement
- Start reference measurement
- Terminate reference measurement
- Exhausting

Valve to the controller

- · Status of the detection
- Change in leakage for port 2
- Change in leakage for port 4
- Evaluation of leakage at port 2
- Evaluation of leakage at port 4
- zrataation or touriage at port

#### Technical data

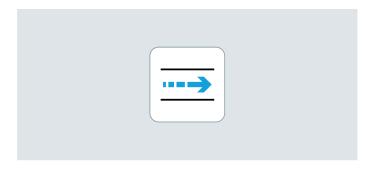
Repetition accuracy	[l/h]	±(2+0.15 x actual leakage)	Conditions:	ı
		ļ ļ	Total volume of the connected pneumatic system including tubing 0.08 5 l	
		ļ ļ	Supply pressure 0.5 8 bar	
			Leakage range 0 50 l/h	ı
		ļ ļ	A force acting on the connected drive can amount to max. 75% of the effective pneumat-	
			ic force.	ı

## Datasheet - Motion App "Positioning"

- The control algorithm moves the piston to the desired setpoint position using the parameterised dynamics
- Licences required for the number of simultaneous usages (max. 2 licences per valve terminal)
- Can be used on Motion Terminals with up to 4 valve slices

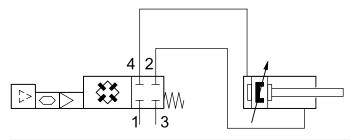
Also required:

- An analogue input module CTMM
- Depending on the stroke, up to two displacement encoders for determining the position of the drive (the encoder(s) must be able to detect the entire range of motion of the drive)



#### Description

Operating mode



With the Motion App "Positioning" pneumatic drives can be freely positioned along the entire stroke. Using analogue sensors to measure the piston position means that the algorithm always knows the precise position of the drive.

Dynamic setpoints for position and maximum speed enable pneumatic positioning tasks to be highly customised. The initial teach-in run helps to ensure fast commissioning.

#### Benefits

- · High-speed pre-positioning
- Controlled movement profile can be configured using parameters (e.g. high dynamic response or fast motion with gentle end stop)
- Energy-saving cylinder movement possible by lowering the pressure level via parameterisation
- Stable in response to changes caused by wear
- Option of presetting a final speed for tasks involving contact

#### Scope

- For each individual valve position in a Motion Terminal, depending on the assignment
- Cyclical assignment
- In combination with position measurement of the entire range of motion
- Tubing lengths up to 3 m possible
- Suitable for applications with both high and low loads

#### Data

Controller to the valve

- · Target position
- Max. speed
- Move to target position
- Stop in a controlled manner
- Blocking
- Exhausting

Valve to the controller

- Actual position
- Drive force
- End position reached
- · Target position reached
- Overshooting of target position in planned path
- Controlled stopping due to non-observance of the end-position

#### Soft-start function

On starting the Motion App, the pressure level at the working ports is checked. If the measured pressure level is outside the specified midpressure tolerance level of +±1 bar, the pressure level is first of all built up and the positioning movement is started once the tolerance level is reached.

If the measured pressure level is within the specified tolerance, the movement is started immediately.

### Technical data

Positioning accuracy	[mm]	Typically ±1.5	Conditions:
		1 11 1	
Overshoot relative to setpoint	[mm]	< ±2.5	Precision specifications are based on the measurement system (for displacement en-
position			coder requirements, see for Motion App user documentation)
Response sensitivity (smallest	[mm]	10	Mounting position: horizontal or vertical
setpoint value change, the latest			Drives supported: DSBC
time at which the closed-loop			Cylinder lengths: 30 500 mm
controller responds)			Cylinder diameter: 32, 40 and 50 mm
controller responds)			Tubing lengths: 1 3 m
			Tubing types: PUN-8 / PAN-8
			Supply pressure: 6 8 bar (rel)
			Mid-pressure
			<ul> <li>Max. mid-pressure &lt; supply pressure (rel) – 2 bar</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Min. mid-pressure &gt; exhaust pressure (rel) + 2.5 bar</li> </ul>
			Cylinder diameter [mm] - Minimum mass [kg]
			32 - 1
			40 - 2
			50

Ordering data				Part no.	Туре
/alve					
	Valve for one valve position			8047503	VEVM-S1-27-B-C-F-1T1L
iput module					
- Pat module	Module with 8 inputs	Digital inputs		8047505	CTMM-S1-D-8E-M8-3
		Analogue inputs		8047506	CTMM-S1-A-8E-A-M8-4
<b>()</b>	Cover cap for sealing unused connections	For M8 connections	Pack size 10	177672	ISK-M8
lotion App					
	Basic package (basic Motion Apps)	<ul> <li>Directional control valve for the proportional directional control supply and exhaust air florence.</li> <li>ECO drive</li> <li>Leakage diagnostics</li> </ul>	ontrol valve	-	-
	Directional control valve functions			8070377	GAMM-A1
19	Proportional directional control valve			8070378	GAMM-A2
9	Proportional pressure regulation			8072609	GAMM-A3
	Supply and exhaust air flow control			8072611	GAMM-A5
	ECO drive			8072612	GAMM-A6
	Presetting of travel time			8072613	GAMM-A7
	Selectable pressure level			8072614	GAMM-A8
	Flow control			8143568	GAMM-A10
	Soft Stop			8072615	GAMM-A11
	Leakage diagnostics			8072616	GAMM-A12
	Positioning			8116173	GAMM-A33
ccessories					
CCC SUITES	Cover plate for a valve position or input mod	ule position		8047504	VABB-P11-27-T
Aller Property and the Control of th	Inscription label holder for a valve		Pack size 4	8047501	ASCF-H-P11
	DIN rail mounting		,	8047542	VAME-P11-MK
osition sensor					
	Analogue sensor for VTEM input module	Sensing range 0 50 mm		8050120	SDAP-MHS-M50-1L-A-E-0.3-M8
		Sensing range 0 100 mm		8050121	SDAP-MHS-M100-1L-A-E-0.3-M8
		Sensing range 0 160 mm		8050122	SDAP-MHS-M160-1L-A-E-0.3-M8

Ordering data – Flow sensor

Ordering data – Flow S	Flow measur- ing range final value	Electrical connection 1, connection technology	Type of mounting	Pneumatic connection	Part no.	Туре
Measurement method						Datasheets → Internet: sfab
measurement method	50 l/min	M12x1, A-coded to	With through-hole	For tubing O.D.	565389	SFAB-50U-HQ6-2SA-M12
	30 (/111111	EN 61076-2-101	With DIN rail	6 mm	303309	3rab-300-riqo-23a-w12
			With through-hole     With DIN rail     Via wall/surface bracket	For tubing O.D. 6 mm	565391	SFAB-50U-WQ6-2SA-M12
E I	200 l/min	M12x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-101	With through-hole     With DIN rail	For tubing O.D. 8 mm	565393	SFAB-200U-HQ8-2SA-M12
				For tubing O.D. 10 mm	565397	SFAB-200U-HQ10-2SA-M12
			With through-hole     With DIN rail	For tubing O.D. 8 mm	565395	SFAB-200U-WQ8-2SA-M12
			Via wall/surface bracket	For tubing O.D.	565399	SFAB-200U-WQ10-2SA-M12
	600 l/min	M12x1, A-coded to	With through-hole	For tubing O.D.	565401	SFAB-600U-HQ10-2SA-M12
	000 (/111111	EN 61076-2-101	With DIN rail	10 mm	565403	SFAB-600U-WQ10-2SA-M12
	1000 l/min	M12x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-101	With through-hole     With DIN rail	For tubing O.D.	565405	SFAB-1000U-HQ10-2SA-M12
		LN 01070-2-101	With through-hole     With DIN rail	For tubing O.D.	565407	SFAB-1000U-WQ10-2SA-M12
			Via wall/surface bracket			
Measurement method	: heat transfer					Datasheets → Internet: sfal
	50 l/min	M8x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-104	With accessories	Female thread G1/8	8058473	SFAH-50U-G18FS-PNLK-PNVBA-M8
		Plug pattern L1J	With accessories	For tubing O.D.	8058471	SFAH-50U-Q8S-PNLK-PNVBA-L1
	100 l/min	M8x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-104	With accessories	Female thread G1/4	8058476	SFAH-100U-G14FS-PNLK-PNVBA-M8
				For tubing O.D.	8058475	SFAH-100U-Q8S-PNLK-PNVBA-M8
		Plug pattern L1J	With accessories	For tubing O.D. 8 mm	8058474	SFAH-100U-Q8S-PNLK-PNVBA-L1
	200 l/min	M8x1, A-coded to EN 61076-2-104	With accessories	Female thread G1/4	8058479	SFAH-200U-G14FS-PNLK-PNVBA-M8
				For tubing O.D. 8 mm	8058478	SFAH-200U-Q8S-PNLK-PNVBA-M8
		Plug pattern L1J	With accessories	For tubing O.D. 8 mm	8058477	SFAH-200U-Q8S-PNLK-PNVBA-L1
Ordering data – Conne	cting cable	•		•		!
oracimo data – conne	cung cupic			Pack size	Part no.	Туре
	Modular system cables	n for a choice of connecting	Cable length 0.3 30 m	-	807822	NEBA  → Internet: neba
	<ul><li>Straight plug</li><li>Straight sock</li></ul>	, 4-pin et, M8x1, 4-pin	Cable length 2.5 m	-	807829	95 NEBA-M8G4-U-2.5-N-M8G4

	Pneumatic connection 1	Pneumatic connection 2	Pack size	Part no.	Туре
Straight design					Datasheets → Internet: qsr
	Male thread M5	For tubing O.D. 4 mm	10	153315	QSM-M5-4-I
	Male thread M7	For tubing O.D. 6 mm	10	153321	QSM-M7-6-I
	Male thread G1/8	For tubing O.D. 4 mm	10	186095	QS-G1/8-4
			100	132036	QS-G1/8-4-100
		For tubing O.D. 6 mm	10	186096	QS-G1/8-6
			100	132037	QS-G1/8-6-100
		For tubing O.D. 8 mm	10	186098	QS-G1/8-8
			50	132038	QS-G1/8-8-50
		For tubing O.D. 10 mm	10	132999	QS-G1/8-10-I
	Male thread G3/8	For tubing O.D. 8 mm	10	186111	QS-G3/8-8-I
		For tubing O.D. 10 mm	10	186113	QS-G3/8-10-I
		For tubing O.D. 12 mm	10	186114	QS-G3/8-12-I
		For tubing O.D. 16 mm	1	186347	QS-G3/8-16
abana didaatan					Detail arts a listament or
-shaped design	Male thread M5	Fortubing O.D. / mm	10	120021	Datasheets → Internet: qs  QSMLV-M5-4-I
	Male thread M7	For tubing O.D. 4 mm	10	130831	+
		For tubing O.D. 6 mm For tubing O.D. 4 mm	10	186353	QSML-M7-6 QSL-G1/8-4
	Male thread G1/8	For tubing O.D. 4 mm		186116	1 '
		Fantulia a O D C man	100	132048	QSL-G1/8-4-100
		For tubing O.D. 6 mm	10	186117	QSL-G1/8-6
		Fantulia a O.D. O. ann	100	132049	QSL-G1/8-6-100
		For tubing O.D. 8 mm	50	186119	QSL-G1/8-8
	Male thread G3/8	Fortubing O.D. 9 mm	10	132050 186121	QSL-G1/8-8-50
	Male tillead 63/8	For tubing O.D. 8 mm			QSL-G3/8-8
		For tubing O.D. 10 mm For tubing O.D. 12 mm	10	186123 186124	QSL-G3/8-10 QSL-G3/8-12
		For tubiling O.D. 12 illilli	10	100124	Q3L-03/6-12
-shaped design, lo	ong				Datasheets → Internet: qs
	Male thread G1/8	For tubing O.D. 4 mm	10	186127	QSLL-G1/8-4
			100	133015	QSLL-G1/8-4-100
		For tubing O.D. 6 mm	10	186128	QSLL-G1/8-6
			100	133016	QSLL-G1/8-6-100
		For tubing O.D. 8 mm	10	186130	QSLL-G1/8-8
			100	133017	QSLL-G1/8-8-100
	Male thread G3/8	For tubing O.D. 8 mm	10	186132	QSLL-G3/8-8
		For tubing O.D. 10 mm	10	186134	QSLL-G3/8-10
		For tubing O.D. 12 mm	10	186135	QSLL-G3/8-12
Blanking plug			<u> </u>		Datasheets → Internet:
	M5 thread		10	3843	B-M5
0	G1/8 thread		10	3568	B-1/8
	G3/8 thread		10	3570	B-3/8
	05/0 tiricad		110	3310	5 5/6
Silencer					Datasheets → Internet: amt
10	M7	-	1	161418	UC-M7
	G3/8	_	-	6843	U-3/8-B

Ordering data – Vacuum filter							
	Operating pres- sure	LABS (PWIS) conformity	Ambient tem- perature	Pneumatic connection	Grade of filtration	Part no.	Туре
Inline filter							
	-1 10 bar	VDMA24364-Zone III	0 +60 °C	For tubing O.D. 4 mm	10 μm	8212637	OAFA-C-Q4-E-F
					40 μm	8212638	OAFA-C-Q4-E-E
				For tubing O.D. 6 mm	10 μm	8212640	OAFA-C-Q6-E-F
					40 μm	8212641	OAFA-C-Q6-E-E
				For tubing O.D. 8 mm	10 μm	8212643	OAFA-C-Q8-E-F
					40 μm	8212644	OAFA-C-Q8-E-E
Vacuum filter							
	–0.95 0 bar	VDMA24364-B1/B2-L	0 +40 °C	PK-3 with union nut	50 μm	535883	VAF-PK-3
				PK-4 with union nut	50 μm	15889	VAF-PK-4
				PK-6 with union nut	50 μm	160239	VAF-PK-6