Vacuum efficiency valves ISV

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Feature



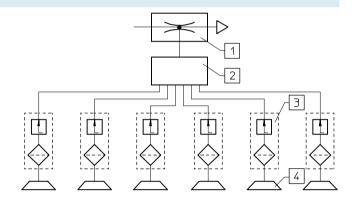
Areas of application

- For parallel arrangement of several suction cups
 - To prevent dissipation of the vacuum if one or several suction cups do not make full contact
- Gripping of randomly placed products
- · Saves compressed air and energy
 - Retention is only successful if 100% contact is achieved
- Maintains vacuum

Function diagram

These valves are suitable for applications requiring several vacuum suction cups and for the maintenance of vacuum in the event that one suction cup should fail to make contact.

- 1 Vacuum generator
- 2 Distributor
- 3 Vacuum efficiency valve
- 4 Suction cup



Vacuum efficiency valve function

The ISV valve is fitted between the vacuum generator and the suction cup.

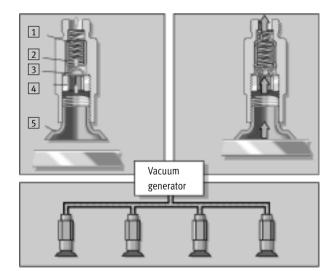
If, during vacuum generation, a suction cup is uncovered, or only partly covered, the ISV automatically stops the influx of air.

When the suction cup fits tightly against the surface, a vacuum is regenerated.

Removal of the object from the suction cup causes the ISV valve to close immediately.

- When the suction cup is open to atmosphere, the float is drawn back against the housing. In this position, flow is only possible through the small hole in the end of the float.
- When an object is in contact with the suction cup, flow is reduced and the spring forces the float forward.

The seal is thus broken and full vacuum is generated within the suction cup.



- 1 Spring
- 2 Float
- 3 Filter
- 4 Retaining screw
- 5 Suction cup

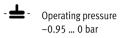
Vacuum efficiency valves ISV Technical data



Function









General technical data											
Pneumatic connection 1, 2		For suction	n cups		For vacuu	For vacuum suction grippers					
		M5	G1/8	G1/4	G3/8	M4	M6	M10			
Mounting position		Any									
Type of mounting		Screw-in Screw-in									
Ejector pulse possibility	[bar]	≤8									
Required suction rate	[l/min]	1	2	1.6	1.5	1	2	2			
at -0.5 bar											

Operating and environmental conditions							
Operating pressure	[bar]	-0.95 0					
Operating medium		Atmospheric air based on ISO 8573-1:2010 [7:-:-]					
Ambient temperature	[°C]	-10 +60					
Corrosion resistance class	CRC ¹⁾	2					

1) Corrosion resistance class CRC 2 to Festo standard FN 940070
Moderate corrosion stress. Indoor applications in which condensation may occur. External visible parts with primarily decorative requirements for the surface and which are in direct contact with the ambient atmosphere typical for industrial applications.

Weights [g]										
Pneumatic connection 1, 2	nection 1, 2 For suction cups						For vacuum suction grippers			
	M5	G1/8	G1/4	G3/8	M4	M6	M10			
Vacuum efficiency valve	4	9	16	33	1.5	14	18			

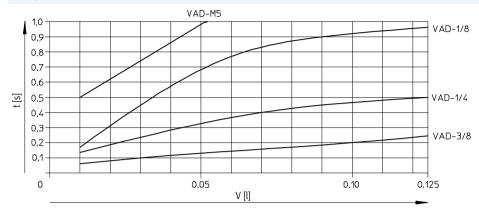
Materials									
Pneumatic connection 1, 2	For suction cu	ıps		For vacuui	For vacuum suction grippers				
	M5	G1/8	G1/4	G3/8	M4	M6	M10		
Housing	Wrought alum	ninium alloy		Wrought a	Wrought aluminium alloy				
Filter	Sintered	Wrought alumi	Wrought aluminium alloy, stainless steel mesh			Sintered bronze			
	bronze								
Spring	-	High-alloy stair	High-alloy stainless steel			High-alloy s	tainless steel		
Hollow bolt	-	Wrought alumi	Wrought aluminium alloy			-			
Float	-	POM	POM			- POM			

Vacuum efficiency valves ISV Technical data

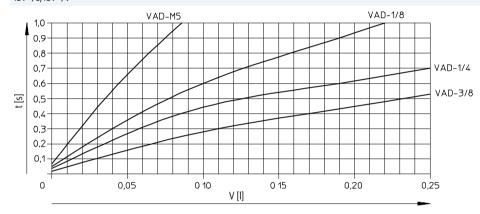
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Evacuation time t as a function of the volume to be evacuated V with various ejectors

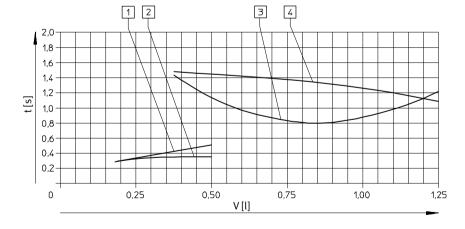
ISV-M5



ISV-1/8/ISV-1/4



ISV-3/8



- 1 VAD-...-3/8 with suction cup VAS-125
- 2 VAD-ME-...-3/8 with suction cup VAS-125
- 3 VAD-...-3/8 with suction cup VASB-125
- 4 VAD-ME-...-3/8 with suction cup VASB-125



Evacuation time is the time required to attain 90% maximum possible vacuum.

Vacuum efficiency valves ISV Technical data

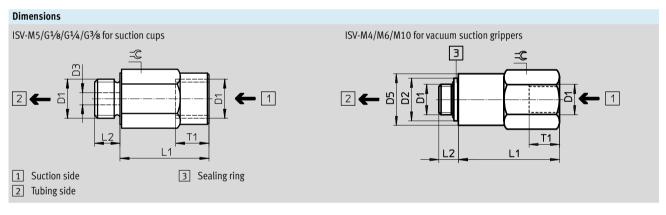


Conditions for operation of the vacuum efficiency valve ISV

- The number of vacuum suction cups that can be attached depends upon the suction capacity of the ejector.
- A minimum switching flow rate is required to ensure the function of each ISV vacuum efficiency valve connected in parallel to an ejector.
- The number of cups which can be reliably operated can be estimated on the basis of the ratio of ejector

suction power and the minimum switching flow rate of the ISV vacuum efficiency valve.

Vacuum generator	Max. ni	is a function of the vacuum generator used and the attainable vacuum level Max. number of suction cups at P ₁₁ [bar]											
	ISV-M5			ISV-1/8			ISV-1/4	ISV-1/4			ISV-3/8		
	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	
VAD-M5	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
VAD-1/8	4	2	1	2	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	
VAD-1/4	8	6	3	4	3	1	4	3	1	-	-	-	
VAD-3/8	8	8	7	7	6	3	7	6	3	-	2	1	
VADM/VADMI-45	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
VADM/VADMI-70	4	2	1	2	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	
VADM/VADMI-95	8	6	3	4	3	1	4	2	1	-	-	-	
VADM/VADMI-140	8	8	7	7	6	3	7	6	3	3	2	1	
VADM/VADMI-200	16	16	14	14	12	6	14	12	6	6	4	2	
VADM/VADMI-300	32	32	28	28	24	12	28	14	12	12	8	4	



Туре	D1	D2	D3	D5	L1	L2	T1	=©
		Ø	Ø	Ø				
ISV-M5	M5	-	2	-	10	5	5.5	8
ISV-1/8	G1/8	-	4	-	29.5	6.5	11	13
ISV-1/4	G1/4	-	4	-	29.5	8	11	17
ISV-3/8	G3/8	-	4	-	33	9	13	22
ISV-M4	M4	7.8	-	7	10.7	3.8	5	7
ISV-M6	M6	8.4	-	14	28.3	5	5	14
ISV-M10	M10	14	_	17	32	6.5	10	17

Ordering data			
Pneumatic connection 1, 2	For suction cups	Pneumatic connection 1, 2	For vacuum suction grippers
	Part No. Type		Part No. Type
M5	151217 ISV-M5	M4	545996 ISV-M4
G1/8	33969 ISV-1/8	M6	545997 ISV-M6
G1/4	33970 ISV-1/4	M10	545998 ISV-M10
G3/8	33971 ISV-3/8		